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Shop no.8 Gori Plaza, Joshi Marg,

Kalwaer Road, Jhotwara,

Jaipur(302012)

Company Contact:-

9460609942,9828444457,9929048358

servicespeacocktravel@gmail.com

info@peacockjourney.in



TOUR NAME	NO OF DAYS	PLACES COVERED
03 Nights/04 Days Golden Tringle Ex Delhi	04 Days	Agra, Jaipur
03 Nights /04 Days Beautiful Rajasthan Ex Jodhpur	04 Days	Jodhpur, Jaisalmer
04 Nights /05 Days Beautiful Rajasthan Ex Jodhpur	05 Days	Jodhpur, Jaisalmer
04 Nights /05 Days Rajasthan Delight Ex Udaipur	05 Days	Udaipur, Mount Abu
04 Nights /05 Days Adventure in Rajasthan Ex Jaipur	05 Days	Jaipur, Ranthambore
04 Nights /05 Days Adventure in Rajasthan Ex Delhi	05 Days	Jaipur, Ranthambore
05 Nights x/06 Days Golden Tringle in Delhi	06 Days	Delhi, Agra, Jaipur
06 Nights /07 Days Best of Rajasthan Ex Jaipur	07 Days	Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur
06 Nights /07 Days Delightful Rajasthan Ex Jodhpur	07 Days	Udaipur, Jodhpur, Jaisalmer
08 Nights /09 Days Colorful Rajasthan Ex Jaipur	09 Days	Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur, Jaisalmer
13 Night /14 Days Land of Rajasthan Delhi	14 Days	Delhi, Mandawa, Bikaner, Jaisalmer, Jodhpur, Udaipur, Pushkar, Jaipur, Agra



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Destination – Golden Tringle Ex Delhi
03 Nights / 04 Days

Tour Starts: Delhi
Duration: 03 Nights / 04 Days
Places Covered: Agra, Jaipur

Day 01:

Arrive Delhi Drive to Agra. (242 Km) Welcome to Delhi, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Golden Tringle”. At Delhi Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Agra by road. Agra is the city of the inimitable Taj Mahal. The story of Agra begins much earlier than the Taj, however it finds mention in the epic Mahabharata when it was called Agrabana are Paradise. The golden age of the city began with the Mughals. It was known then as Akbarabad and remained the capital of the Mughal Empire under the emperor Akbar, Jahangir and Shah Jahan.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 02: Agra — Jaipur City Tour Agra — Drive to Jaipur (240 Km)

After breakfast, ready for Agra City tour, Visit Taj Mahal and Agra Fort. The Taj Mahal is an ivory-white marble mausoleum on the south bank of the Yamuna River It was commissioned in 1632 by the Mughal emperor, Shah Jahan to house the tomb of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal. The tomb is the centrepiece of a 17-hectare (42-acre) complex, which includes a mosque and a garden. The Taj Mahal was designated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1983 and declared a winner of the New 7 Wonders of the World (2000-2007). Later visit Agra Fort. It was the main residence of the emperors of the Mughal Dynasty till 1638, when the capital was shifted from Agra to Delhi. The Agra fort is a UNESCO World Heritage site.

Later Proceed to Jaipur and enroute visit Fatehpur Sikri. Fatehpur Sikri was a once blooming capital of the Mughal Emperor Akbar till 1585, when the city was abandoned due to the proximity of the area to the Rajputana neighborhood and scarcity of water. The capital was moved back to Agra and the town remained a ghost town during most of the older times. The name Fatehpur Sikri was formerly known as Fatahabad which is derived from a Persian word Fatah meaning victory.

Drive to Jaipur “The Pink City’. Founded in AD 1727 by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, and planned by Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, Jaipur holds the distinction of being the first planned city of India. The story goes that in 1876, the Prince of Wales visited India on a tour. Since the colour pink was symbolic of hospitality, Maharaja Ram Singh of Jaipur painted the entire city pink. The pink that colours the city makes for a marvellous spectacle to behold. With broad avenues and spacious gardens, the city is steeped in history and culture. Here the past comes alive in magnificent forts and palaces, blushed pink, where once lived the maharajas. The bustling bazaars of Jaipur, famous for Rajasthan jewellery, fabric and shoes, possess a timeless quality and are a treasure-trove for the shoppers.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel



Day 03: Jaipur

Jaipur Sightseeing After breakfast proceed to Jaipur City tour. Visit Amber Fort, Jantar Mantar, Hawa Mahal, and City Palace. Amber or Amer Palace fort a UNESCO World Heritage Site is located 11 km from main city. Raja Man Singh | began construction in 1592 and the palace, which was built as a strong, safe haven against attacking enemies, was completed by Mirja Raja Jai Singh. The contrast between the harsh exterior and the inviting interior couldn't be more surprising. The magnificent Amer Fort is an extensive palace complex that has been built with pale yellow and pink sandstone, and with white marble. The palace is nearly seven centuries old and has a legendary past. Next stop is City Palace, located deep within the walled city, the City Palace Complex was conceived and built by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, the founder of Jaipur. A beautiful fusion of Mughal and Rajput architecture, the palace is still home to the last ruling royal family which lives in a private section of the palace. Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II is credited with building most of the structures, but it was expanded upon by later rulers as well. Further proceed to Jantar Mantar, Jantar Mantar is one of the oldest astronomical observatories featuring the world's largest stone sundial. Built by the Rajput king Sawai Jai Singh II - the founder of Jaipur city, the monument was completed in 1734. Later visit Hawa Mahal, the five-storey building looks like a honeycomb of a beehive and it is always windy inside, owing to the numerous windows and jharokhas. This amazing ventilation that the palace enjoys is the reason why it was named as the Hawa Mahal, which literally translates into the "Palace of the Winds" The Hawa Mahal is a five-storey building, and it is the tallest building in the world that has been built without a foundation. Rest day is free for Shopping. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 04: Depart Jaipur Drive to Delhi (272 Km) Morning After Breakfast drive back to Delhi airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your Golden Tringle Tour ends with beautiful memories. End of Service



End Service

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**Destination — Beautiful
Rajasthan Ex Jodhpur
03 Nights / 04 Days**

- Tour Starts: Jodhpur
- Duration: 03 Nights / 04 Days
- Places Covered: Jodhpur, Jaisalmer

Day 01: Arrive Jodhpur

Drive to Jaisalmer (280 Km)

Welcome to Jodhpur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Beautiful Rajasthan Tour”. At Jodhpur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Jaisalmer. Jaisalmer popularly known as “Golden City” because of its golden sand dunes and castles built with golden honey sandstones. Jaisalmer traces its inception to the 12th century. History tells us of Rawal Jaisal, the eldest heir of the Rawal of Deoraj, was passed over for the throne of Lodurva and a younger half-brother was crowned king. Rawal Jaisal went looking for a new location to set up his capital when he came across sage Eesul. It was in 1156 that Rawal Jaisal constructed a mud fort, named it Jaisalmer after himself and declared it his capital. Jaisalmer is adorned with lakes, ornate Jain temples and havelis. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 02: Jaisalmer

Jaisalmer Sightseeing and Sand Dunes

After breakfast, proceed to Jaisalmer city tour. Visit Jaisalmer fort also known as “Sonar Quila” (Golden Fort) as it rises from the desert itself and seems to become one with the golden hues of the sand. Built in 1156, Jaisalmer Fort gets its name from the former Bhati Rajput ruler Rao Jaisal. More than three thousand people live within the fort walls with multiple entrance gates on the path up top, which make it as the only ‘living fort’ in India. Later visit Patwon ki Haveli, this is the largest and the most elaborately carved havelis in Jaisalmer, this five-storey structure sits proudly in a narrow street. It is a cluster of five small havelis built by a rich trader in the 19th Century. Locals also refer the haveli as Kothari’s Patwa Haveli. Later in after proceed to “Sam Sand dunes” situated 40 Km from Jaisalmer, the dunes are located over calm and undulating stretches of golden yellow sand stretching for around 2 kilometres along the borders of the Jaisalmer Desert National Park. Upon arrival check in at Desert Camp. You can enjoy various activities like Camel Ride, Jeep Safari in dunes later back to Camp, enjoy various culture programme. Overnight stay at Camp





Day 03: Jaisalmer — Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (320 km)

After breakfast, proceed to Jodhpur. Jodhpur also known as “Blue City” The name is clearly befitting as most of the architecture — forts, palaces, temples, havelis and even houses are built in vivid shades of blue. Jodhpur marks its origin back to the year of 1459 AD. The history of this prosperous city revolves around the Rathore clan. Rao Jodha, the chief of Rathore Clan is credited with the origin of Jodhpur in India. The city is known to be built in place of the ancient capital, Mandore of the state of Manwar. Upon arrival check in at your hotel.

Later Visit Mehngargarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan. Mehrangarh Fort was built by Rao Jodha in 1459 in Jodhpur, is one of the largest forts in the country. It is situated at the top of a 410 feet elevated hill and guarded by massive walls. Mehrangarh Fort still bears the imprints of cannonball attacks courtesy the armies of Jaipur on its second gate. The intricate carvings on the walls of the fort, the sprawling courtyards, its impressive history, striking palaces, museums and galleries allure everyone. The fort also has one of the well-stocked museums of Rajasthan. Later Visit Umaid Bhawan. Umaid Bhawan Palace was built by Maharaja Umaid Singh in 1929 to counter a famine which had hit the state at the time. It was also known as the Chittar Palace while being constructed thanks to the use of stones drawn from the Chittar hill. The palace was designed by HV Lanchester, a renowned British architect, and was completed in 16 years. Built with sandstone and marble, the architecture of the palace is described as a blend of Indo-Saracenic, Classical Revival and Western Art Deco styles. Overnight stay at hotel. Day 04: Depart Jodhpur After breakfast check out and transfer to Jodhpur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your “Beautiful Rajasthan Tour” ends with beautiful memories.



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**Destination —
Beautiful Rajasthan
Ex Jodhpur
04 Nights / 05 Days**

**Tour Starts:
Jodhpur
Duration: 04 Nights
/ 05 Days**

**Places Covered:
Jodhpur, Jaisalmer**

Day 01: Arrive Jodhpur

Welcome to Jodhpur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Beautiful Rajasthan Tour”. At Jodhpur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Jodhpur hotel. Jodhpur also known as “Blue City” The name is clearly befitting as most of the architecture — forts, palaces, temples, havelis and even houses are built in vivid shades of blue. Jodhpur marks its origin back to the year of 1459 AD. The history of this prosperous city revolves around the Rathore clan. Rao Jodha, the chief of Rathore Clan is credited with the origin of Jodhpur in India. The city is known to be built in place of the ancient capital, Mandore of the state of Manwar. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 02: Jodhpur — Jaisalmer

Jodhpur sightseeing and Drive to Jaisalmer (280 km)

After breakfast proceed to Jodhpur city tour. Visit Mehngarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan.

Mehrangarh Fort was built by Rao Jodha in 1459 in Jodhpur, is one of the largest forts in the country. It is situated at the top of a 410 feet elevated hill and guarded by massive walls. Mehrangarh Fort still bears the imprints of cannonball attacks courtesy the armies of Jaipur on its second gate. The intricate carvings on the walls of the fort, the sprawling courtyards, its impressive history, striking palaces, museums and galleries allure everyone. The fort also has one of the well-stocked museums of Rajasthan. Later Visit Umaid Bhawan. Umaid Bhawan Palace was built by Maharaja Umaid Singh in 1929 to counter a famine which had hit the state at the time. It was also known as the Chittar Palace while being constructed thanks to the use of stones drawn from the Chittar hill. The palace was designed by HV Lanchester, a renowned British architect, and was completed in 16 years. Built with sandstone and marble, the architecture of the palace is described as a blend of IndoSaracenic, Classical Revival and Western Art Deco styles.

Later proceed to Jaisalmer. Jaisalmer popularly known as “Golden City” because of its golden sand dunes and castles built with golden honey sandstones. Jaisalmer traces its inception to the 12th century. History tells us of Rawal Jaisal, the eldest heir of the Rawal of Deoraj, was passed over for the throne of Lodurva and a younger half-brother was crowned king. Rawal Jaisal went looking for a new location to set up his capital when he came

across sage Eesul. It was in 1156 that Rawal Jaisal constructed a mud fort, named it Jaisalmer after himself and declared it his capital. Jaisalmer is adorned with lakes, ornate Jain temples and havelis.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel



Day 03: Jaisalmer

Jaisalmer Sightseeing and Sand Dunes

After breakfast, proceed to Jaisalmer city tour. Visit Jaisalmer fort also known as “Sonar Quila” (Golden Fort) as it rises from the desert itself and seems to become one with the golden hues of the sand. Built in 1156, Jaisalmer Fort gets its name from the former Bhati Rajput ruler Rao Jaisal. More than three thousand people live within the fort walls with multiple entrance gates on the path up top, which make it as the only ‘living fort’ in India. Later visit Patwon ki Haveli, this is the largest and the most elaborately carved havelis in Jaisalmer, this five-storey structure sits proudly in a narrow street. It is a cluster of five small havelis built by a rich trader in the 19th Century. Locals also refer the haveli as Kothari’s Patwa Haveli. Later in after proceed to “Sam Sand dunes” situated 40 Km from Jaisalmer, the dunes are located over calm and undulating stretches of golden yellow sand stretching for around 2 kilometres along the borders of the Jaisalmer Desert National Park. Upon arrival check in at Desert Camp. You can enjoy various activities like Camel Ride, Jeep Safari in dunes later back to Camp, enjoy various culture programme. Overnight stay at Camp

Day 04: Jaisalmer — Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (320 km)

After breakfast check out from Camp and drive to Jodhpur. Upon arrival in Jodhpur hotel check in. Rest day is at leisure. Overnight stay at hotel. Day 05: Depart Jodhpur After breakfast check out and transfer to Jodhpur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your “Beautiful Rajasthan Tour” ends with beautiful memories.



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**Destination —
Rajasthan Delight
Ex Udaipur
04 Nights / 05 Days**

**Tour Starts:
Udaipur
Duration: 04 Nights
/ 05 Days**

**Places Covered:
Udaipur, Mount
Abu**

Day 01: Arrive Udaipur

Drive to Mount Abu (165 Km)

Welcome to Udaipur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Rajasthan Delight Tour”. At Udaipur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Mount Abu. Mount Abu Located on the beautiful Aravali range, is the only hill station of Rajasthan. This city experiences colder climates and offers pretty amazing sceneries. Studded with a colourful mix of rustic abodes of tribal communities and posh houses inclusive of British style bungalows and royal holiday lodges, Mount Abu appears to be no less than a wonder in this dessert state. Covered in vast stretches of green forests, serene lakes, and effusive waterfalls, this region allows you to revel amidst panoramic vistas, all year round. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 02: Mount Abu (Mount Abu Sightseeing)

After breakfast ready to explore Mount Abu. Visit Dilwara Jain Temple, established some time in between the 11th and 13th centuries, the Dilwara Jain temples are considered to be among the best specimens of architectural perfection in the country. A complex of five temple structures, the Dilwara Jain temples are located at a distance of about 2.5 kilometres from Mount Abu. Carved out of white marble, these temples features interiors that have intricate designs spreading everywhere from doorways to ceilings. Later visit Toad Rock, the Toad Rock is a colossal rock piece which looks like a toad about to jump into the waters of the lake. Known as the “mascot of Mount Abu”. The massive rock structure is an excellent illustration of igneous rocks found in amazing shapes and is shaped, as the name suggests, like a toad. Last stop is at Nakki Lake. Nakki lake is recognized as the first ever manmade lake in India You can choose to take a boat ride at the lake and watch the sun set past the beautiful hills surrounding this place. Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 03: Mount Abu — Udaipur Drive to Udaipur (165 Km)

Morning After Breakfast drive to Udaipur by road. Udaipur the city of lakes is located around azure water lakes and is hemmed in by lush green hills of Aravallis. The famous Lake Palace, located in the middle of Lake Pichola

is one of the most beautiful sights of Udaipur. Udaipur was founded in 1553 by Maharana Udai Singh II as the new capital of Mewar Kingdom. The beautiful City Palace and Sajjangerh (Monsoon Palace) add to the architectural beauty and grandeur of the city. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.



Day 04: Udaipur Udaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast, visit, Saheliyon Ki Bari, City Palace, and Lake Pichola. Saheliyon-Ki-Bari. Built by Maharana Sangram Singh II as a garden for women, Saheliyon-ki-Bari or the Garden of the Maidens is a popular tourist destination. Along with a small museum, it has several attractions such as marble elephants, fountains, kiosks and a lotus pool. Later visit City Palace. The City Palace towers over Lake Pichola. The balconies, cupolas, and towers of the palace give a wonderful view of the lake and the surrounding city. This complex actually consists of four major and several minor palaces that collectively form the magnificent City Palace. The main part of the palace is now preserved as a museum displaying artifacts. After this visit Lake Pichola. Picholi was the name of a village that lent its name to the lake. The islands of Jagniwas and Jagmandir are housed in this lake. Along the eastern banks of the lake lies the City Palace. A boat ride in the lake around sunset offers a breath-taking view of the Lake and City Palace.

Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 05: Depart Udaipur

After breakfast, transfer to Udaipur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your "Best of Rajasthan Tour" ends with beautiful memories.



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**Destination — Adventure
in Rajasthan Ex Jaipur
04 Nights / 05 Days**

**Tour Starts: Jaipur
Duration: 04 Nights / 05
Days**

**Places Covered: Jaipur,
Ranthambore**

Day 01: Arrive Jaipur

Drive to Ranthambore (195 Km)

Welcome to Jaipur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Adventure in Rajasthan Tour”. At Jaipur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Ranthambore. Ranthambore, once a private game reserve of the royal House of Jaipur, Ranthambore National Park and Tiger Reserve is one of the world’s best known wilderness areas. Located 14 kilometres from Sawai Madhopur and at the junction of some of the geologically oldest mountain ranges - the Aravallis and Vindhyas - Ranthambore offers some of the finest opportunities for sighting the magnificent tiger in the wild. A mix of rolling hills and crags, and meadows, lakes and rivulets, this dry-deciduous forest system is home to an incredible variety of flora and fauna. Apart from the tiger, you can also spot sloth bear, leopard, caracal, jackal, fox, hyena and mongoose at Ranthambore. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 02: Ranthambore

Jungle Safari Morning and Afternoon (at extra cost)

Today be ready for Jungle safari (at extra Cost), The park is divided into 10 Safari zones, All the Safaris are handled by the forest officials of the park, and jeeps and an open bus called ‘canters’ are the main modes of transports in these Safaris. The number of vehicles that can enter the park in one shift is limited. The jungle visits last for about three hours. Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 03: Ranthambore — Jaipur

Drive to Jaipur (195 Km)

After breakfast, proceed to Jaipur. Jaipur “The Pink City” Founded in AD 1727 by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, and planned by Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, Jaipur holds the distinction of being the first planned city of India. The story goes that in 1876, the Prince of Wales visited India on a tour. Since the colour pink was symbolic of hospitality, Maharaja Ram Singh of Jaipur painted the entire city pink. The pink that colours the city makes for a marvellous spectacle to behold. With broad avenues and spacious gardens, the city is steeped in history and culture. Here the past comes alive in magnificent forts and palaces, blushed pink, where once lived the maharajas. The bustling bazaars of Jaipur, famous for Rajasthan jewellery, fabric and shoes, possess a timeless quality and are a treasure-trove for the shoppers.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

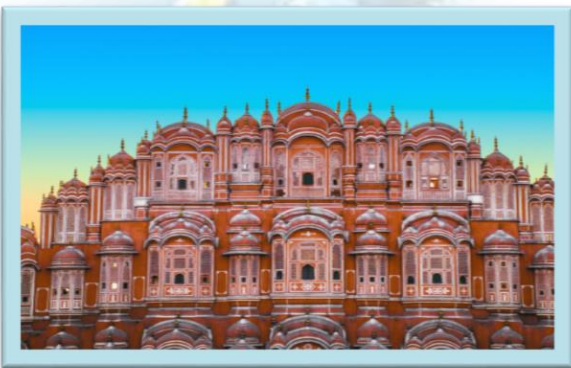


Day 04: Jaipur :Jaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast proceed to Jaipur City tour. Visit Amber Fort, Jantar Mantar, Hawa Mahal, and City Palace. Amber or Amer Palace fort a UNESCO World Heritage Site is located 11 km from main city. Raja Man Singh | began construction in 1592 and the palace, which was built as a strong, safe haven against attacking enemies, was completed by Mirja Raja Jai Singh. The contrast between the harsh exterior and the inviting interior couldn't be more surprising. The magnificent Amer Fort is an extensive palace complex that has been built with pale yellow and pink sandstone, and with white marble. The palace is nearly seven centuries old and has a legendary past. Next stop is City Palace, located deep within the walled city, the City Palace Complex was conceived and built by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, the founder of Jaipur. A beautiful fusion of Mughal and Rajput architecture, the palace is still home to the last ruling royal family which lives in a private section of the palace. Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II is credited with building most of the structures, but it was expanded upon by later rulers as well. Further proceed to Jantar Mantar, Jantar Mantar is one of the oldest astronomical observatories featuring the world's largest stone sundial. Built by the Rajput king Sawai Jai Singh II - the founder of Jaipur city, the monument was completed in 1734. Later visit Hawa Mahal, the five-storey building looks like a honeycomb of a beehive and it is always windy inside, owing to the numerous windows and jharokhas. This amazing ventilation that the palace enjoys is the reason why it was named as the Hawa Mahal, which literally translates into the "Palace of the Winds" The Hawa Mahal is a five-storey building, and it is the tallest building in the world that has been built without a foundation. Rest day is free for Shopping. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 05: Depart Jaipur

After breakfast, transfer to Jaipur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your "Adventure in Rajasthan Tour" ends with beautiful memories.



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**Destination —
Adventure in
Rajasthan Ex Delhi
04 Nights / 05 Days**

**Tour Starts: Delhi
Duration: 04 Nights /
05 Days**

**Places Covered:
Jaipur, Ranthambore**

Day 01: Arrive Delhi

Drive to Ranthambore (396 Km)

Welcome to Delhi, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Adventure in Rajasthan Tour”. At Delhi Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Ranthambore. Ranthambore, once a private game reserve of the royal House of Jaipur, Ranthambore National Park and Tiger Reserve is one of the world’s best known wilderness areas. Located 14 kilometres from Sawai Madhopur and at the junction of some of the geologically oldest mountain ranges - the Aravallis and Vindhyas - Ranthambore offers some of the finest opportunities for sighting the magnificent tiger in the wild. A mix of rolling hills and crags, and meadows, lakes and rivulets, this dry-deciduous forest system is home to an incredible variety of flora and fauna. Apart from the tiger, you can also spot sloth bear, leopard, caracal, jackal, fox, hyena and mongoose at Ranthambore. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 02: Ranthambore

Jungle Safari Morning and Afternoon (at extra cost)

Today be ready for Jungle safari (at extra Cost), The park is divided into 10 Safari zones, All the Safaris are handled by the forest officials of the park, and jeeps and an open bus called ‘canters’ are the main modes of transports in these Safaris. The number of vehicles that can enter the park in one shift is limited. The jungle visits last for about three hours. Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 03: Ranthambore — Jaipur Drive to Jaipur (195 Km)

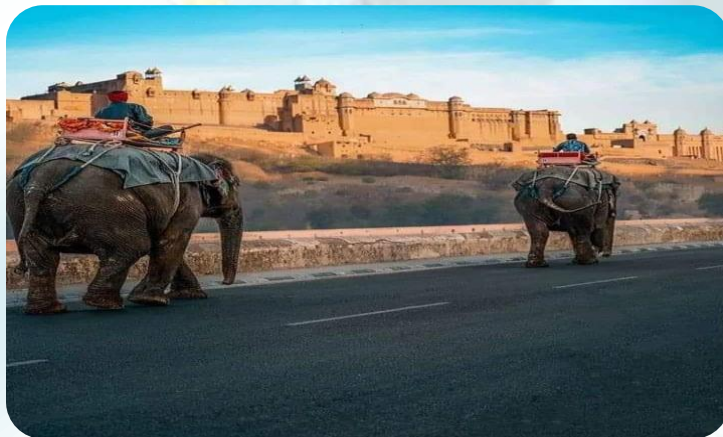
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Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel



Day 04: Jaipur Jaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast proceed to Jaipur City tour. Visit Amber Fort, Jantar Mantar, Hawa Mahal, and City Palace. Amber or Amer Palace fort a UNESCO World Heritage Site is located 11 km from main city. Raja Man Singh | began construction in 1592 and the palace, which was built as a strong, safe haven against attacking enemies, was completed by Mirja Raja Jai Singh. The contrast between the harsh exterior and the inviting interior couldn't be more surprising. The magnificent Amer Fort is an extensive palace complex that has been built with pale yellow and pink sandstone, and with white marble. The palace is nearly seven centuries old and has a legendary past. Next stop is City Palace, located deep within the walled city, the City Palace Complex was conceived and built by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, the founder of Jaipur. A beautiful fusion of Mughal and Rajput architecture, the palace is still home to the last ruling royal family which lives in a private section of the palace. Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II is credited with building most of the structures, but it was expanded upon by later rulers as well. Further proceed to Jantar Mantar, Jantar Mantar is one of the oldest astronomical observatories featuring the world's largest stone sundial. Built by the Rajput king Sawai Jai Singh I - the founder of Jaipur city, the monument was completed in 1734. Later visit Hawa Mahal, the five-storey building looks like a honeycomb of a beehive and it is always windy inside, owing to the numerous windows and jharokhas. This amazing ventilation that the palace enjoys is the reason why it was named as the Hawa Mahal, which literally translates into the "Palace of the Winds" The Hawa Mahal is a five-storey building, and it is the tallest building in the world that has been built without a foundation. Rest day is free for Shopping. Overnight stay at hotel.



Day 05: Jaipur — Delhi

Drive to Delhi (280 Km)

After breakfast, drive back to Delhi, and transfer to Delhi airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your "Adventure in Rajasthan Tour" ends with beautiful memories.



Office Address:-

Shopno.8 GoriPlaza, Joshi Marg, Kalwaer Road, Jhotwara, Jaipur (302012)
Rajasthan, India
Contact:-9460609942,9828444457,9929048358
servicespeacocktravel@gmail.com
info@peacockjourney.in
Visit us- www.peacockjourney.in



**Destination — Golden
Tringle Ex Delhi
05 Nights / 06 Days**

**Tour Starts: Delhi
Duration: 05 Nights /
06 Days**

**Places Covered: Delhi,
Agra, Jaipur**

Day 01: Arrive Delhi

Welcome to Delhi, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Golden Tringle”. At Delhi Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to hotel in Delhi. Asymbol of the country’s rich past and thriving present, Delhi is a city where ancient and modern blend seamlessly together. It is a place that not only touches your pulse but even fastens it to a frenetic speed. Home to millions of dreams, the city takes on unprecedented responsibilities of realizing dreams bringing people closer and inspiring their thoughts. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 02: Delhi

After breakfast be ready for Delhi City tour, visit Red fort, India Gate, Chandni chowk, Humayun Tomb, Qutub Minar.

Red fort The Red sandstone walls of the massive Red Fort (Lal Qila) rise 33-m above the clamour of Old Delhi as a reminder of the magnificent power and pomp of the Mughal emperors. The walls, built in 1638. Later visit Chandni Chowk. your last stop is India gate, The imposing structure of India Gate is an awe-inspiring sight and is often compared to the Arch de Triomphe in France, the Gateway of India in Mumbai and the Arch of Constantine in Rome. This 42-meter-tall historical structure was designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens and is one of the largest war memorials in the country. Dedicated to 82,000 Indian and British soldiers who died during the First World War and the Third Anglo-Afghan War, this monument has the names of 13,300 servicemen inscribed on its surface. The premises of India Gate also houses the Amar Jawan Jyoti, which is a kindled structure right underneath the archway. Owing to its rich historical background and astonishing architecture, India Gate has become one of the most popular picnic spots in the city.

Later back to the hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 03: Delhi - Agra Drive to Agra. (242 Km)

After breakfast, drive to Agra by road. Agra is the city of the inimitable Taj Mahal. The story of Agra begins much earlier than the Taj, however it finds mention in the epic Mahabharata when it was called Agrabana are Paradise. The golden age of the city began with the Mughals. It was known then as Akbarabad and remained the capital of the Mughal Empire under the emperor Akbar, Jahangir and Shah Jahan. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Later Visit Taj Mahal and Agra Fort. The Taj Mahal is an ivory-white marble mausoleum on the south bank of the Yamuna River It was commissioned in 1632 by the Mughal emperor, Shah Jahan to house the tomb of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal.



The tomb is the centrepiece of a 17-hectare (42-acre) complex, which includes a mosque and a garden. The Taj Mahal was designated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1983 and declared a winner of the New 7 Wonders of the World (2000-2007). Later visit Agra Fort. It was the main residence of the emperors of the Mughal Dynasty till 1638, when the capital was shifted from Agra to Delhi. The Agra fort is a UNESCO World Heritage site.

Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 04: Agra — Jaipur

Drive to Jaipur (240 Km)

After breakfast, Proceed to Jaipur by road. enroute visit Fatehpur Sikri. Fatehpur Sikri was a once blooming capital of the Mughal Emperor Akbar till 1585, when the city was abandoned due to the proximity of the area to the Rajputana neighborhood and scarcity of water. The capital was moved back to Agra and the town remained a ghost town during most of the older times. The name Fatehpur Sikri was formerly known as Fatahabad which is derived from a Persian word Fatah meaning victory.

Drive to Jaipur “The Pink City”. Founded in AD 1727 by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, and planned by Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, Jaipur holds the distinction of being the first planned city of India. The story goes that in 1876, the Prince of Wales visited India on a tour. Since the colour pink was symbolic of hospitality, Maharaja Ram Singh of Jaipur painted the entire city pink. The pink that colours the city makes for a marvellous spectacle to behold. With broad avenues and spacious gardens, the city is steeped in history and culture. Here the past comes alive in magnificent forts and palaces, blushed pink, where once lived the maharajas. The bustling bazaars of Jaipur, famous for Rajasthan jewellery, fabric and shoes, possess a timeless quality and are a treasure-trove for the shoppers.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 05: Jaipur

Jaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast proceed to Jaipur City tour. Visit Amber Fort, Jantar Mantar, Hawa Mahal, and City Palace.

Amber or Amer Palace fort a UNESCO World Heritage Site is located 11 km from main city. Raja Man Singh | began construction in 1592 and the palace, which was built as a strong, safe haven against attacking enemies, was completed by Mirja Raja Jai Singh. The contrast between the harsh exterior and the inviting interior couldn't be more surprising. The magnificent Amer Fort is an extensive palace complex that has been built with pale yellow and pink sandstone, and with white marble. The palace is nearly seven centuries old and has a legendary past. Next stop is City Palace, located deep within the walled city, the City Palace Complex was conceived and built by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, the founder of Jaipur. A beautiful fusion of Mughal and Rajput architecture, the palace is still home to the last ruling royal family which lives in a private section of the palace.



Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II is credited with building most of the structures, but it was expanded upon by later rulers as well. Further proceed to Jantar Mantar, Jantar Mantar is one of the oldest astronomical observatories featuring the world's largest stone sundial. Built by the Rajput king Sawai Jai Singh II - the founder of Jaipur city, the monument was completed in 1734. Later visit Hawa Mahal, the five-storey building looks like a honeycomb of a beehive and it is always windy inside, owing to the numerous windows and jharokhas. This amazing ventilation that the palace enjoys is the reason why it was named as the Hawa Mahal, which literally translates into the "Palace of the Winds" The Hawa Mahal is a five-storey building, and it is the tallest building in the world that has been built without a foundation.

Rest day is free for Shopping. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 06: Depart Jaipur

Drive to Delhi (272 Km)

Morning After Breakfast drive back to Delhi airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your Golden Tringle Tour ends with beautiful memories.



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**Destination — Best of
Rajasthan Ex Jaipur
06 Nights / 07 Days**

**Tour Starts: Jaipur
Duration: 06 Nights /
07 Days**

**Places Covered: Jaipur,
Jodhpur, Udaipur**

Day 01: Arrive Jaipur

Welcome to Jaipur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Best of Rajasthan Tour”. At Jaipur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to hotel in Jaipur.

Jaipur “The Pink City”. Founded in AD 1727 by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, and planned by Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, Jaipur holds the distinction of being the first planned city of India. The story goes that in 1876, the Prince of Wales visited India on a tour. Since the colour pink was symbolic of hospitality, Maharaja Ram Singh of Jaipur painted the entire city pink. The pink that colours the city makes for a marvellous spectacle to behold. With broad avenues and spacious gardens, the city is steeped in history and culture. Here the past comes alive in magnificent forts and palaces, blushed pink, where once lived the maharajas. The bustling bazaars of Jaipur, famous for Rajasthan jewellery, fabric and shoes, possess a timeless quality and are a treasure-trove for the shoppers.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 02: Jaipur-Jaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast proceed to Jaipur City tour. Visit Amber Fort, Jantar Mantar, Hawa Mahal, and City Palace.

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Day 03: Jaipur - Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (350 Km)

Morning After Breakfast drive to Jodhpur by road. Jodhpur also “Blue City” The name is clearly befitting as most of the architecture — forts, palaces, temples, havelis and even houses are built in vivid shades of blue. Jodhpur marks its origin back to the year of 1459 AD. The history of this prosperous city revolves around the Rathore clan. Rao Jodha, the chief of Rathore Clan is credited with the origin of Jodhpur in India. The city is known to be built in place of the ancient capital, Mandore of the state of Manwar. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 04: Jodhpur- Jodhpur City Tour

After breakfast proceed to Jodhpur city tour. Visit Mehngarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan.

Mehrangarh Fort was built by Rao Jodha in 1459 in Jodhpur, is one of the largest forts in the country. It is situated at the top of a 410 feet elevated hill and guarded by massive walls. Mehrangarh Fort still bears the imprints of cannonball attacks courtesy the armies of Jaipur on its second gate. The intricate carvings on the walls of the fort, the sprawling courtyards, its impressive history, striking palaces, museums and galleries allure everyone. The fort also has one of the well-stocked museums of Rajasthan. Later Visit Umaid Bhawan. Umaid Bhawan Palace was built by Maharaja Umaid Singh in 1929 to counter a famine which had hit the state at the time. It was also known as the Chittar Palace while being constructed thanks to the use of stones drawn from the Chittar hill. The palace was designed by HV Lanchester, a renowned British architect, and was completed in 16 years. Built with sandstone and marble, the architecture of the palace is described as a blend of IndoSaracenic, Classical Revival and Western Art Deco styles. Rest day is at Leisure. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 05: Jodhpur — Udaipur Drive to Udaipur (310 km)

Morning After Breakfast drive to Udaipur by road. Udaipur the city of lakes is located around azure water lakes and is hemmed in by lush green hills of Aravallis. The famous Lake Palace, located in the middle of Lake Pichola is one of the most beautiful sights of Udaipur. Udaipur was founded in 1553 by Maharana Udai Singh II as the new capital of Mewar Kingdom. The beautiful City Palace and Sajjangarh (Monsoon Palace) add to the architectural beauty and grandeur of the city.

Enroute visit Ranakpur or Kumbhalgarh fort (You can visit any one of this place)

Visit Ranakpur Jain Temples Built in the 15th century. An architectural marvel in its own right, the Ranakpur Temple came from Dhanna Shah, a Porwal from Ghanerao, under the patronage of Rana Kumbha, the then ruler of Mewar. The massive temple structure, raised entirely in softly colored marble, stands atop a base of subterranean vaults, sprawling in an area of over 48,000 square feet. Entering into the temple complex, it is difficult for someone to not be mesmerized by the vivacity and scale of its designs.

Or Kumbhalgarh Fort Kumbhalgarh is the second most important citadel after Chittorgarh in the Mewar region. Kumbhalgarh Fort has the second largest wall (38km) after the great wall of China. Constructed on the foothills of Aravalli ranges, and was built in the 15th century AD by Rana Kumbha it is surrounded by thirteen hill peaks of the ranges and is perched at an elevation of 1,914 m. The magnificent fort is situated in the middle of a forest



which has been turned into a wildlife sanctuary. The inaccessibility and hostility of the topography lends a semblance of invincibility to the fort.

Later drive to Udaipur. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 06: Udaipur (Udaipur Sightseeing)

After breakfast, visit, Saheliyon Ki Bari, City Palace, and Lake Pichola. Saheliyon-Ki-Bari. Built by Maharana Sangram Singh II as a garden for women, Saheliyon-ki-Bari or the Garden of the Maidens is a popular tourist destination. Along with a small museum, it has several attractions such as marble elephants, fountains, kiosks and a lotus pool. Later visit City Palace. The City Palace towers over Lake Pichola. The balconies, cupolas, and towers of the palace give a wonderful view of the lake and the surrounding city. This complex actually consists of four major and several minor palaces that collectively form the magnificent City Palace. The main part of the palace is now preserved as a museum displaying artifacts. After this visit Lake Pichola. Picholi was the name of a village that lent its name to the lake. The islands of Jagniwas and Jagmandir are housed in this lake. Along the eastern banks of the lake lies the City Palace. A boat ride in the lake around sunset offers a breath-taking view of the Lake and City Palace. Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 07: Depart Udaipur

After breakfast, transfer to Udaipur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your "Best of Rajasthan Tour" ends with beautiful memories.



Office Address:-

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Contact:-9460609942,9828444457,9929048358

servicespeacocktravel@gmail.com

info@peacockjourney.in

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Destination — Delightful
Rajasthan Ex Jodhpur
06 Nights / 07 Days

Tour Starts: Jodhpur
Duration: 06 Nights / 07
Days

Places Covered: Udaipur,
Jodhpur, Jaisalmer

Day 01: Arrive Jodhpur

Welcome to Jodhpur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Beautiful Rajasthan Tour”. At Jodhpur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to Jodhpur hotel.

Jodhpur also known as “Blue City” The name is clearly befitting as most of the architecture — forts, palaces, temples, havelis and even houses are built in vivid shades of blue. Jodhpur marks its origin back to the year of 1459 AD. The history of this prosperous city revolves around the Rathore clan. Rao Jodha, the chief of Rathore Clan is credited with the origin of Jodhpur in India. The city is known to be built in place of the ancient capital, Mandore of the state of Manwar. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 02: Jodhpur — Jaisalmer

Jodhpur sightseeing and Drive to Jaisalmer (280 km)

After breakfast proceed to Jodhpur city tour. Visit Mehngarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan.

Mehngarh Fort was built by Rao Jodha in 1459 in Jodhpur, is one of the largest forts in the country. It is situated at the top of a 410 feet elevated hill and guarded by massive walls. Mehngarh Fort still bears the imprints of cannonball attacks courtesy the armies of Jaipur on its second gate. The intricate carvings on the walls of the fort, the sprawling courtyards, its impressive history, striking palaces, museums and galleries allure everyone. The fort also has one of the well-stocked museums of Rajasthan. Later Visit Umaid Bhawan. Umaid Bhawan Palace was built by Maharaja Umaid Singh in 1929 to counter a famine which had hit the state at the time. It was also known as the Chittar Palace while being constructed thanks to the use of stones drawn from the Chittar hill. The palace was designed by HV Lanchester, a renowned British architect, and was completed in 16 years. Built with sandstone and marble, the architecture of the palace is described as a blend of IndoSaracenic, Classical Revival and Western Art Deco styles.

Later proceed to Jaisalmer. Jaisalmer popularly known as “Golden City” because of its golden sand dunes and castles built with golden honey sandstones. Jaisalmer traces its inception to the 12th century. History tells us of Rawal Jaisal, the eldest heir of the Rawal of Deoraj, was passed over for the throne of Lodurva and a younger half-brother was crowned king. Rawal Jaisal went looking for a new location to set up his capital when he came across sage Eesul. It was in 1156 that Rawal Jaisal constructed a mud fort, named it Jaisalmer after himself and declared it his capital. Jaisalmer is adorned with lakes, ornate Jain temples and havelis.

Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel



Day 03: Jaisalmer

Jaisalmer Sightseeing and Sand Dunes

After breakfast, proceed to Jaisalmer city tour. Visit Jaisalmer fort also known as “Sonar Quila” (Golden Fort) as it rises from the desert itself and seems to become one with the golden hues of the sand. Built in 1156, Jaisalmer Fort gets its name from the former Bhati Rajput ruler Rao Jaisal. More than three thousand people live within the fort walls with multiple entrance gates on the path up top, which make it as the only ‘living fort’ in India. Later visit Patwon ki Haveli, this is the largest and the most elaborately carved havelis in Jaisalmer, this five-storey structure sits proudly in a narrow street. It is a cluster of five small havelis built by a rich trader in the 19th Century. Locals also refer the haveli as Kothari’s Patwa Haveli.

Later in after proceed to “Sam Sand dunes” situated 40 Km from Jaisalmer, the dunes are located over calm and undulating stretches of golden yellow sand stretching for around 2 kilometres along the borders of the Jaisalmer Desert National Park. Upon arrival check in at Desert Camp. You can enjoy various activities like Camel Ride, Jeep Safari in dunes later back to Camp, enjoy various culture programme. Overnight stay at Camp

Day 04: Jaisalmer — Jodhpur Drive to Jodhpur (320 km)

After breakfast check out from Camp and drive to Jodhpur. Upon arrival in Jodhpur hotel check in. Rest day is at leisure. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 05 Jodhpur — Udaipur

Drive to Udaipur (310 km)

Morning After Breakfast drive to Udaipur by road. Udaipur the city of lakes is located around azure water lakes and is hemmed in by lush green hills of Aravallis. The famous Lake Palace, located in the middle of Lake Pichola is one of the most beautiful sights of Udaipur. Udaipur was founded in 1553 by Maharana Udai Singh II as the new capital of Mewar Kingdom. The beautiful City Palace and Sajjangarh (Monsoon Palace) add to the architectural beauty and grandeur of the city.

Enroute visit Ranakpur or Kumbhalgarh fort (You can visit any one of this place)

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Later drive to Udaipur. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 06: Udaipur

Udaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast, visit, Saheliyon Ki Bari, City Palace, and Lake Pichola. Saheliyon-Ki-Bari. Built by Maharana Sangram Singh II as a garden for women, Saheliyon-ki-Bari or the Garden of the Maidens is a popular tourist destination. Along with a small museum, it has several attractions such as marble elephants, fountains, kiosks and a lotus pool. Later visit City Palace. The City Palace towers over Lake Pichola. The balconies, cupolas, and towers of the palace give a wonderful view of the lake and the surrounding city. This complex actually consists of four major and several minor palaces that collectively form the magnificent City Palace. The main part of the palace is now preserved as a museum displaying artifacts. After this visit Lake Pichola. Picholi was the name of a village that lent its name to the lake. The islands of Jagniwas and Jagmandir are housed in this lake. Along the eastern banks of the lake lies the City Palace. A boat ride in the lake around sunset offers a breath-taking view of the Lake and City Palace.

Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 07: Depart Udaipur

After breakfast, transfer to Udaipur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your "Best of Rajasthan Tour" ends with beautiful memories.



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Destination —
Colorful Rajasthan
Ex Jaipur
08 Nights / 09 Days

Tour Starts: Jaipur
Duration: 08 Nights
/ 09 Days

Places Covered:
Jaipur, Jodhpur,
Jaisalmer, Udaipur

Day 01: Arrive Jaipur

Welcome to Jaipur, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Best of Rajasthan Tour”. At Jaipur Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to hotel in Jaipur.

Jaipur “The Pink City”. Founded in AD 1727 by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, and planned by Vidyadhar Bhattacharya, Jaipur holds the distinction of being the first planned city of India. The story goes that in 1876, the Prince of Wales visited India on a tour. Since the colour pink was symbolic of hospitality, Maharaja Ram Singh of Jaipur painted the entire city pink. The pink that colours the city makes for a marvellous spectacle to behold. With broad avenues and spacious gardens, the city is steeped in history and culture. Here the past comes alive in magnificent forts and palaces, blushed pink, where once lived the maharajas. The bustling bazaars of Jaipur, famous for Rajasthan jewellery, fabric and shoes, possess a timeless quality and are a treasure-trove for the shoppers.

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Day 02: Jaipur

Jaipur Sightseeing

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Day 03: Jaipur – Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (350 Km)

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Day 04: Jodhpur — Jaisalmer

Jodhpur sightseeing and Drive to Jaisalmer (280 km)

After breakfast proceed to Jodhpur city tour. Visit Mehngarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan.

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Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 05: Jaisalmer

Jaisalmer Sightseeing and Sand Dunes

After breakfast, proceed to Jaisalmer city tour. Visit Jaisalmer fort also known as “Sonar Quila” (Golden Fort) as it rises from the desert itself and seems to become one with the golden hues of the sand. Built in 1156, Jaisalmer Fort gets its name from the former Bhati Rajput ruler Rao Jaisal. More than three thousand people live within the fort walls with multiple entrance gates on the path up top, which make it as the only ‘living fort’ in India. Later visit Patwon ki Haveli, this is the largest and the most elaborately carved havelis in Jaisalmer, this five-



storey structure sits proudly in a narrow street. It is a cluster of five small havelis built by a rich trader in the 19th Century. Locals also refer the haveli as Kothari's Patwa Haveli.

Later in after proceed to "Sam Sand dunes" situated 40 Km from Jaisalmer, the dunes are located over calm and undulating stretches of golden yellow sand stretching for around 2 kilometres along the borders of the Jaisalmer Desert National Park. Upon arrival check in at Desert Camp. You can enjoy various activities like Camel Ride, Jeep Safari in dunes later back to Camp, enjoy various culture programme. Overnight stay at Camp.

Day 06: Jaisalmer — Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (320 km)

After breakfast check out from Camp and drive to Jodhpur. Upon arrival in Jodhpur hotel check in. Rest day is at leisure. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 07 Jodhpur — Udaipur

Drive to Udaipur (310 km)

Morning After Breakfast drive to Udaipur by road. Udaipur the city of lakes is located around azure water lakes and is hemmed in by lush green hills of Aravallis. The famous Lake Palace, located in the middle of Lake Pichola is one of the most beautiful sights of Udaipur. Udaipur was founded in 1553 by Maharana Udai Singh II as the new capital of Mewar Kingdom. The beautiful City Palace and Sajjangarh (Monsoon Palace) add to the architectural beauty and grandeur of the city.

Enroute visit Ranakpur or Kumbhalgarh fort (You can visit any one of this place)

Visit Ranakpur Jain Temples Built in the 15th century. An architectural marvel in its own right, the Ranakpur Temple came from Dhanna Shah, a Porwal from Ghanerao, under the patronage of Rana Kumbha, the then ruler of Mewar. The massive temple structure, raised entirely in softly colored marble, stands atop a base of subterranean vaults, sprawling in an area of over 48,000 square feet. Entering into the temple complex, it is difficult for someone to not be mesmerized by the vivacity and scale of its designs.

Or Kumbhalgarh Fort Kumbhalgarh is the second most important citadel after Chittorgarh in the Mewar region. Kumbhalgarh Fort has the second largest wall (38km) after the great wall of China. Constructed on the foothills of Aravalli ranges, and was built in the 15th century AD by Rana Kumbha it is surrounded by thirteen hill peaks of the ranges and is perched at an elevation of 1,914 m. The magnificent fort is situated in the middle of a forest which has been turned into a wildlife sanctuary. The inaccessibility and hostility of the topography lends a semblance of invincibility to the fort.

Later drive to Udaipur. Upon arrival check in at your hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.



Day 08: Udaipur

Udaipur Sightseeing

After breakfast, visit, Saheliyon Ki Bari, City Palace, and Lake Pichola. Saheliyon-Ki-Bari. Built by Maharana Sangram Singh II as a garden for women, Saheliyon-ki-Bari or the Garden of the Maidens is a popular tourist destination. Along with a small museum, it has several attractions such as marble elephants, fountains, kiosks and a lotus pool. Later visit City Palace. The City Palace towers over Lake Pichola. The balconies, cupolas, and towers of the palace give a wonderful view of the lake and the surrounding city. This complex actually consists of four major and several minor palaces that collectively form the magnificent City Palace. The main part of the palace is now preserved as a museum displaying artifacts. After this visit Lake Pichola. Picholi was the name of a village that lent its name to the lake. The islands of Jagniwas and Jagmandir are housed in this lake. Along the eastern banks of the lake lies the City Palace. A boat ride in the lake around sunset offers a breath-taking view of the Lake and City Palace.

Later back to hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 09: Depart Udaipur

After breakfast, transfer to Udaipur airport or railway station for your onward journey. Your “Best of Rajasthan Tour” ends with beautiful memories.



Office Address:-

Shopno.8 GoriPlaza, Joshi Marg, Kalwaer Road, Jhotwara,

Jaipur (302012) Rajasthan, India

Contact:-9460609942,9828444457,9929048358

servicespeacocktravel@gmail.com

info@peacockjourney.in

Visit us- www.peacockjourney.in



Destination — Land of
Rajputana Ex Delhi
13 Nights / 14 Days

Tour Starts: Delhi
Duration: 13 Nights
/ 14 Days

Places Covered: Delhi,
Mandawa, Bikaner,
Jaisalmer,
Jodhpur, Udaipur, Pushkar,
Jaipur, Agra, Delhi

Day 01: Arrive Delhi

Welcome to Delhi, and be ready for a wonderful journey to “Golden Tringle”. At Delhi Airport or Railway station our Driver will meet you and drive you to hotel in Delhi. A symbol of the country’s rich past and thriving present, Delhi is a city, where ancient and modern blend seamlessly together. It is a place that not only touches your pulse but even fastens it to a frenetic speed. Home to millions of dreams, the city takes on unprecedented responsibilities of realizing dreams bringing people closer and inspiring their thoughts. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 02: Delhi - Mandawa

Drive to Mandawa (235 Km)

After breakfast, drive to Mandawa. Mandawa is a quaint little town popularly known as the Open Art Gallery, the town is replete with paved archways and magnificent havelis and fortresses. It is located in the heart of the Shekhawati region and is dotted with palaces and splendid mansions (havelis). Most of the Havelis of Mandawa are famous for their paintings, murals, and various other beautiful artifacts. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Rest day is free to explore the city. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 03: Mandawa — Bikaner

Drive to Bikaner (192 Km)

After breakfast proceed to Bikaner. Bikaner with its magnificence in architecture, art and culture is filled with colour, festivity and cultural marvels. The city will mesmerize you with the camels sauntering the beautiful sand dunes, its ancient palaces and forts. One of the earlier established cities, Bikaner still displays its ancient opulence through palaces and forts, built of red sandstone, that have withstood the passage of time. The city boasts of some of the world’s best riding camels and is aptly nicknamed “camel country”. It is also home to one of the world’s largest camel research and breeding farms; as well as being known for having its own unique temple dedicated to Karni Mata at Deshnok, called the “Rats Temple”. Upon arrival check in at hotel.



Later visit Junagarh fort and Lalgarh Museum. Junagarh fort is an impregnable bastion that holds the distinction of having never been captured. It was constructed in 1588 AD by Raja Rai Singh, one of Emperor Akbar's most distinguished generals. The fort complex houses some magnificent palaces constructed in red sandstone and marble and visitors can feast their eyes on an attractive assortment of courtyards, balconies, kiosks and windows. Lalgarh Palace and Museum, is an architectural marvel and made entirely of red sandstone by Maharaja Ganga Singh in 1902 to commemorate his father, Maharaja Lal Singh. The design was conceptualised by Sir Swinton Jacob, who created this oriental fantasy by blending Rajputana, Islamic and European architecture.

Later back to the Hotel. Overnight stay at hotel

Day 04: Bikaner - Jaisalmer

Drive to Jaisalmer (335 Km)

After breakfast proceed to Jaisalmer. Jaisalmer popularly known as "Golden City" because of its golden sand dunes and castles built with golden honey sandstones. Jaisalmer traces its inception to the 12th century. History tells us of Rawal Jaisal, the eldest heir of the Rawal of Deoraj, was passed over for the throne of Lodurva and a younger half-brother was crowned king. Rawal Jaisal went looking for a new location to set up his capital when he came across sage Eesul. It was in 1156 that Rawal Jaisal constructed a mud fort, named it Jaisalmer after himself and declared it his capital. Jaisalmer is adorned with lakes, ornate Jain temples and havelis. Upon arrival check in at hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 05: Jaisalmer

Jaisalmer Sightseeing and Sand Dunes

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Day 06: Jaisalmer — Jodhpur

Drive to Jodhpur (320 km)

After breakfast, proceed to Jodhpur. Jodhpur also known as "Blue City" The name is clearly befitting as most of the architecture — forts, palaces, temples, havelis and even houses are built in vivid shades of blue. Jodhpur marks its origin back to the year of 1459 AD. The history of this prosperous city revolves around the Rathore



clan. Rao Jodha, the chief of Rathore Clan is credited with the origin of Jodhpur in India. The city is known to be built in place of the ancient capital, Mandore of the state of Manwar. Upon arrival check in at your hotel.

Later Visit Mehngarh Fort, Umaid Bhawan. Mehrangarh Fort was built by Rao Jodha in 1459 in Jodhpur, is one of the largest forts in the country. It is situated at the top of a 410 feet elevated hill and guarded by massive walls. Mehrangarh Fort still bears the imprints of cannonball attacks courtesy the armies of Jaipur on its second gate. The intricate carvings on the walls of the fort, the sprawling courtyards, its impressive history, striking palaces, museums and galleries allure everyone. The fort also has one of the well-stocked museums of Rajasthan. Later Visit Umaid Bhawan. Umaid Bhawan Palace was built by Maharaja Umaid Singh in 1929 to counter a famine which had hit the state at the time. It was also known as the Chittar Palace while being constructed thanks to the use of stones drawn from the Chittar hill. The palace was designed by HV Lanchester, a renowned British architect, and was completed in 16 years. Built with sandstone and marble, the architecture of the palace is described as a blend of Indo-Saracenic, Classical Revival and Western Art Deco styles. Overnight stay at hotel.

Day 07 Jodhpur — Udaipur

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Thanks For Visit



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servicespeacocktravel@gmail.com

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